

VE THE MEN A CHANCE

The Liturgical Movement: A Critical History

A review by the Rev. BAYARD H. JONES

EUCHARISTIC PIETY. By Rev. Louis Bouyer of the Oratory. University of Notre Dame Press. Pp. 284. \$4.75.

HIS is the first volume of a pro-I jected series of Liturgical Studies, the purpose of which is to put in permanent form the contributions of a number of living scholars to a summer session on that subject held at Notre Dame University in 1947. Judging by the quality of this initial volume, the whole series of subjects and authors seems bound to be of considerable interest and profit to Anglicans.

This book presents a critical history of the modern Liturgical Movement, not only in the last century and a half, but since the Reformation period.

In medieval times, the Liturgy was defined as the official form for the external worship of the Church: a ritual to be performed, rather than understood. The result was the pompous ceremonial of the Baroque period, based upon the court solemnities of the time, or the artistic climaxes of grand opera, reflected in the solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Fr. Bouver makes the point that this Baroque Catholicism gave rise to two opposite but inextricably connected developments in the Reformation and the Counter-Reformation. Each is subject to the same criticism as it is derived from like causes.

"The so-called Reformers imagined that a return to the primitive liturgy meant taking the Low Mass as the norm, suppressing everything in the Canon except the actual Words of Institution: an exclusive emphasis of the Institution as

against the whole Canon which was a lack of balance appearing only at the end of the 13th century; enlarging upon lengthy acts of confession, derived from the private administration of the Holy Communion outside of Mass, and introduced into the Mass itself only in late medieval times; and in general, not only centering everything on the memorial of the Passion, but reducing everything to it. . . . The idea of the Mass as an absorbing contemplation of our Lord in his Passion only, to the total exclusion of any thought of his Resurrection and of his final glory in his whole Mystical Body, together with the reduction of the liturgical mystery to a mere memorial of the Passion — all this is nothing but the final development of the medieval overemphasis on the suffering humanity of Christ, together with the final disappearance of the liturgy as sacramental, this idea having already been buried under a merely sentimental and allegorical remembrance of the past.'

This learned and brilliant Oratorian brings to bear some very pungent criticisms of the Romantic Period, and the factitious archaisms and inferior historical scholarship of the founders of the Solesmes school: to which, however, due credit is paid as the dawn of the really eminent devotional and theological contributions especially of the Germans and the Belgians in recent times.

The Jesuit reviewers of this book do not succeed in concealing the fact that they are disposed to consider the author to be rather young and fresh in presuming to criticize anything Roman, and to approve anything of "Protestant" provenance. We may however be permitted to appreciate the gracious and sincere manner in which this young Frenchman expresses his approval of the "Carol Divines" of the Church of England.

In fact, the great theological conbution of the book, in expressing Act of our Lord which accomplis our salvation, that is, his Passion a Death in the fullness of their final fects — the Resurrection, the commu cation of saving grace to mankind, a the final consummation of all thingsis all basically the teaching of the Ang can Church; though Bouyer prefers state it in terms quoted from the Sw ish Lutheran Bishop Brilioth. (Needl to say, the Jesuit critics do not appre that either.)

Books Received

THE PROTESTANT TRADITION. An Essay Interpretation. By J. S. Whale. New York: C. bridge University Press. Pp. xiv, 359. \$3.75.

THE EVANSTON REPORT. The Second Assem of the World Council of Churches 1954. Edited W. A. Visser 't Hooft. Harpers. Pp. viii, 360.

FROM FAITH TO FAITH. Essays on Old Terment Literature. By B. Davie Napier. Harp Pp. xxii, 223. \$3.

THE STORY OF THE CHURCH. A Companior The Story of the Bible. By Walter Russell Bov Illustrated by Clifford Johnston. Abingdon Pr Pp. 208. \$2.95.

A HISTORY OF THE CRUSADES, VOL. Editor-in-Chief, Kenneth M. Setton. Volume The First Hundred Years. Edited by Marshall Baldwin. With maps by Harry W. Hazard. Uversity of Pennsylvania Press. Pp. xxv, 604, Stringt of Gray representations. [First of five volumes.]

JESUS AND THE KINGDOM OF GOD. By H old Roberts. London: Epworth Press. Available America from Alec R. Allenson, Inc., 81 W Van Buren St., Chicago 5, Ill. Pp. 124. \$3.50.

THE AMERICAN ECONOMY. — ATTITUD AND OPINIONS. By A. Dudley Ward. Harps Pp. xx, 199. \$3.50. [One of a Series on Ethand Economic Life Originated by the Federal Control of Charles Council of Churches. 1

THE LIVING CHURCH RELIEF FUI

Save the Children Federation Previously acknowledged\$2,034 Norma B. Minton \$2,164 St. John's Church, Calcutta Previously acknowledged\$ Korean Children Previously acknowledged In memory: Henrietta Herman Viets

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Situation in Hell

A review by the Rev. EDWARD POTTER SABIN

COLD WAR IN HELL. By Harry Blamires. Longmans. Pp. 198. \$2.50.

HIS is the summer selection of the Episcopal Book Club.

I found satisfaction in the author's extricating his hero from an intolerable situation in hell not by a coy, "and then I woke up," but by a logical denouement based upon the assumption that this was a real experience.

Blamires' further adventures on the spiritual levels (his earlier The

Devil's Hunting Grounds shocked and amused readers a year ago) give one a discomfiting agreement that hell is much like one's present environment and the hero's struggles like one's own probable reactions to the skillful suggestions of rebellion against God which are proposed by the Ad-

I found the action fast, so that the occasional philosophical discussions did not seem intrusive or overly

It is good summer reading.

\$ 160

LETTERS

When minds meet, they sometimes collide. The editor believes, however, that the opinions of his correspondents should be taken at least as seriously as his own.

Revolution in the Sunday School

This is strictly fan-mail. I want to tell you how much I have enjoyed your article on the new Church curriculum [L. C., August 7th]. As you might guess, I have ived if not in the middle of it at least on the fringes for a long time. Your article gives me the best picture of the situation as a whole that I have ever had and I feel very grateful to have all the bits of information pulled together. Incidentally, I thoroughly enjoyed reading it. I think I will not soon forget my joy in your comment about it being logical to martyr the early Christians as well as the parish life enthusiasts!

MARGARET B. FERREIRA
Program Advisor and Editor,
Girls' Friendly Society

New York City

Your articles on the Seabury Series are excellent and just what we need to put into the hands of our teachers after having just experienced a Teacher's Workshop as well as Parish Life Conferences.

(Rev.) J. MAVER FEEHAN Rector, St. John's Church

St. Louis, Mo.

Your Revolution in the Sunday School prompts me to what I have often intended doing long before this. I am indebted to you for much good reading. Your column has provided me with inspiration, amusement, stimulation, and spiritual irritation!

Your issue of August 7th should be in the hands of each vestryman, Church school teacher, parent, and sponsor.

(Very Rev.) MERRITT F. WILLIAMS

Dean, Christ Church Cathedral

Springfield, Mass.

Would you please send me 30 copies of the August 7th issue? We want to give them to our Church school teachers, for we believe that the article by Peter Day, 'Revolution in the Sunday School" is the best thing we have read on the use of the new curriculum.

(Rev.) LAURENCE H. HALL Rector, St. Paul's Church

East Cleveland, Ohio

Your article, "Revolution in the Sunday School" is most helpful and timely. The clergy and lay people of the Church are most anxious to bring a new reality and effectiveness to their teaching, and the history of the past decade in Christian Education should help them do their job better. I am particularly pleased to see that Bishop Whittemore is honored for his insights.

(Rev.) HARRY B. WHITLEY Rector, St. James' Church

Farmington, Conn.

I want to congratulate you on your very excellent issue of August 7th. Your article is the most informative discussion of the present status of our Church's educational program that I have read anywhere, and the articles by Dr. Hunter

and Dr. Miller and the editorials are also very good.

We are planning an intensive educational program for our Church School staff, and the articles in this particular issue will serve as an excellent starting point for our whole program. It will save hours of background discussion.

Hugh C. Laughlin

Toledo, Ohio

Please send us a bundle of 30 copies of the August 7th issue. This is a fine issue and I want to have my entire church school staff, vestry, and parish leaders fully "read, mark, and inwardly digest" it.

(Rev.) J. E. MACGINNIS Rector, Church of the Good Shepherd

Ogden, Utah

Reprint

"Revolution in the Sunday School" and other articles from the August 7th issue dealing with Christian education will be reprinted in a 20-page pamphlet. It may be ordered from The Living Church, 407 E. Michigan St., Milwaukee, Wis., at prices of 20 cents each for one to 10 copies, 17 cents each for 10 to 100, and 15 cents each for 100 or more. Postage additional unless payment accompanies order.

Clergy Supply

In the face of the steady growth of the Church, for which Church people are thankful to God, and the failure of clergy supply to catch up, one may hope General Convention will give serious thought to two measures that can give some relief.

First, the greater use of the perpetual diaconate throughout the Church. In almost every parish there is at least one consecrated layman who might feel a call to serve as a deacon and thus render great service to his Church on Sundays and at other times, at the same time continuing his regular vocation during the week. The value of this has proved itself in several dioceses.

Second, the licensing by the bishop of faithful laymen to administer the chalice at the Holy Eucharist. I understand that this is now done in the Church of England.

Granted that there are difficulties inherent in both of these suggestions, we surely have the vision and intelligence in the Church to guard against them, and

yet to put them to work.

Where would these measures be of the greatest help? Surely in the rural fields of the Church, in the depressed urban parishes, but especially in the medium-sized parishes, which make up the bulk of our communicant strength. The large parish is the only one today (if fortunate!) which can afford a curate. The small or medium parish, unless heavily endowed, cannot. My brethren in charge of parishes

of from 200 to 400 communicants will agree with me that the securing of clergy supply for assistance at the major festivals or for vacations is well-nigh impossible.

We pray that the Convention — and especially the House of Deputies — will consider with vision and sympathy the need for relief, and these two measures ready at hand.

(Rev.) JOHN S. WILLIAMSON Rector, St. Paul's Church Owego, N. Y.

Name of the Church

I think the Bishop of Bethlehem is right in saying [L. C., August 7th] that the question of the name of the Church is a secondary matter in that popular usage makes it simply "The Episcopal Church." I for one am not afraid of the full name of the Church in this country when it is interpreted in the light of what "Protesand "in the United States of America" meant historically to convey: that the Church is a reformed Catholic (Episcopal) body in the U.S.A. However, the assumption of the title "Protestant" by Church bodies which, at the time we in-corporated it into our legal title, were known as "Dissenters," "Free Church," "Non-Conformists," or "chapel folk," has deprived it of its classical significance to us and to others. The bodies which call themselves "Protestant" today do not use the term in their legal titles, and yet they speak of "the Protestant faith," and even, "the Protestant Church." The term is then an anachronism which has been distorted beyond the intention of the Fathers of the Episcopal Church, with the result of our inclusion in the popular, unthinking mind among the multifarious sects and denominations. It is impossible for us to interpret the title of our Church in the light of its historical significance.

For another thing, the title of the Church is cumbersome, as seen by its universal contraction to "Episcopal," and by the contraction the National Council of our Church makes on its official station-ery and forms to "Protestant Episcopal Church." The Canons and Prayer Book refer in every case to "The Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America," without any contraction or abbreviation. I am unable to find any authority for any such contraction by the National Council. If it is not desired to shorten the name of the Church, then our official organs and bureaus of the Church must, I believe, use the full legal title of the Church. Without going into more detail, "in the United States of America" has as much meaning historically as "Protestant;" it is one-sided and illegal to drop the former and retain the latter.

The simple and obvious thing is to call our branch of the Anglican Communion "The American Episcopal Church." We must include the adjective because of the Scottish Episcopal Church.

(Rev.) ROBERTS E. EHRGOTT Assistant, Grace Church

Hinsdale, Ill.



This is not the Rev. Samuel Entwhistle.

This is the Rev. Thomas V. Barrett, Rector of the R. E. Lee Memorial Church, Lexington, Va. and author

ADVENTURES OF THE REV. SAMUEL ENTWHISTLE

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(See next week's issue for full description)





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Talks



Attend a Parish Life Conference

F course you have heard of it by this time. The Parish Life Conference has risen to such prominence and is so often mentioned that it has joined the initialed familiars — it is just P.L.C.

If you are in an awakened parish, and if you are not too young or too old, and if you are active in any form of parish life, you may suddenly receive an invitation to attend a forthcoming P.L.C. And if you really wish to grow in your faith, and be a part of the new life that is stirring through our Church, you will take our advice and accept.

There are no come-ye-all, broadcast invitations. The parish priest studies his lists carefully, deciding which persons would profit by the experience. The ones he selects first will be those whom he considers capable of responding to the program of the Conference, and who will be able to share in some form of

parish leadership.

Teachers especially will be invited, and any who might be asked to help in the enlarged educational activities of the Church. Some parishes are arranging to have all their teachers and assistants attend a Conference. Indeed, in some quarters it is even claimed that any person who will teach one of the new Seabury Series courses must attend a P.L.C. as a prerequisite.

What will happen there? What is it all about? You will ask these questions of your rector, and he will try to explain. But, like any great experience of life like a trip to Europe, or getting married, it is difficult to explain if you haven't been there. We'll try to give you enough to make you want to go. It is certainly no joy-ride for a new spiritual thrill, but it will prove to be a deep and moving experience, perhaps the turning point in your life.

The method is quite simple. About 20 Church folk go to a convenient retreat house or camp, and spend some 48 hours under the intimate leadership of a priest who has been especially trained for this. Unlike the older retreat, which made a point of continued silence, with addresses from time to time by the leader, the P.L.C. asks everyone to talk freely, while the leader says no more than is necessary to guide the conversation.

What do they talk about? What any group members will talk about when

they take time, and avoid the banaliti They will talk of the things that closest to their interests. And out their shared opinions, confidences, actions, memories, and experiences w emerge a strange new thing. It will r be the sum total of the minds of people, but a group mind, a corpora entity which comes from them, yet which they give themselves as to a riv in full flood. They have made it, a they become a part of it, yet it is mo than themselves.

Listen to quotations of letters ceived, from typical, average parishid ers, not before given to vivid expression "It seemed as though the Holy Spi was taking hold of us, hour after hour "The queerest feeling - that we we not ourselves, but truly Christ's, the was preparing to use us. . " "A He was preparing to use us. . ." so simple and obvious . . . the old ide but now they all took on new mea ings." "We began to see what our pa ish was meant to be, and might st become." "I see now what the Gosp

No matter what course you teach, whether you engage in some other for of parish work, this will help you. F our problem is not better texts, be better teachers. Once you straighten or and intensify your own religion, you w find ways of sharing it. Until you d no new knowledge, no advanced met ods will make much difference.

The new teaching is personal, by vital teacher dealing with vital persor The new printed texts are an imperson form of communication which had to used to speak to teachers the editors d not know personally. Only an awaken teacher can breathe the breath of li into them. Attending a Parish Life Co ference will prepare you to do this.

ACU CYCLE OF PRAYER

August

- 21. Christ Church, Portsmouth, N. H.
- 22. Convent of St. Anne, Chicago, Ill.
- 23. Chapel of St. Francis, Dennysville, Me.
- 24. Church of the Good Shepherd, Greenwo Lake, N. Y.; Mission of St. Francis Assisi, Mindanao, Philippines; St. Barth lomew's Church, Granite City, Ill.; Ham ton Air Force Base, Hamilton, Calif.
- 27. St. Andrew's Church, Beacon, N. Y.

The Living Church

Established 1878

A Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Episcopal Church.

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ews deadline of THE LIVING CHURCH is Wednesy, 11 days before date of issue (Sunday). Late uportant news, however, received in this office to the Friday morning nine days before date, issue will be included sometimes. When postile, submit news through your diocesan or strict correspondent, whose name may be obtined from your diocesan or district office.

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August

Eleventh Sunday after Trinity. St. Bartholomew.

Young Churchmen's Convention, Carleton College, Northfield, Minn., to 31st.

Conference for Junior Advisors, Brotherhood of St. Andrew, Lakeside, Conn. to 28th.

Twelfth Sunday after Trinity.

Annual meeting, Episcopal Pacifist Fellowship, Seabury House, to September 2d.

General Synod of the Church of England in Canada, Edmonton, Alberta, to Seatember. Canada, Edmonton, Alberta, to September

September

National Council meeting, Honolulu, Hawaii. Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity. The General Convention of the Church, Ho-

The General Convention of the Church, Honolulu, Hawaii, to 15th.

Triennial Meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary, Honolulu, Hawaii, to 15th.

Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity.

St. Matthew — Ember Day.

LIVING CHURCH news is gathered by a staff of LIVING CHURCH news is gathered by a stall of er 100 correspondents, one in every diocese and ssionary district of the Episcopal Church and number overseas. The LIVING CHURCH is a bscriber to Religious News Service and Ecumeni-l Press Service and is served by leading national

ws picture agencies. Member of the Associated Church Press.

SORTS AND CONDITIONS

IT IS about time for my annual column against work. The theology of work is actually a pretty confused affair, reflecting the customs of certain economic periods at least as much as the eternal purpose of God and man's destiny as seen against His purpose.

PRAYING, talking, feasting, and fighting, were the proper concerns of men of importance in Old Testament times, and this state of affairs continued up to a fairly recent period. The ideal life of Job before his troubles began was described as a daily feast in the house of one of his seven sons, with Job taking care of the sacrifice on the seventh day.

AND ONE of the most delightful biblical passages, the description of a virtuous woman at the end of the Book of Proverbs, presents the wife as taking care of everything while her husband sits in the city gates and is praised for her industry.

OF THESE masculine prerogatives, prayer, talking, and feasting have become areas in which the women are at least as important as the men, whereas the economic preoccupations of the good woman of Proverbs have become the responsibility of the menfolk. And the most extraordinary thing about it is that the men think that the present lineup of responsibilities proves their superiority!

BE THAT as it may, the idea that work is beneath the dignity of important people is as dead as the Dodo, and, looking back, we can see that the dignity of labor was implicit in the very beginnings of Christianity. "He hath put down the mighty from their seats and exalted the humble and meek," and this religion of faith in a Workman, spread by workmen, to other workmen, was bound to lead to a different idea of work

SO, in today's world, work is noble, and the man who does the most is the most honorable. In the course of exalting work, however, modern religious thinkers use at least one concept that would have curdled the blood of the biblical authors — the idea that man can, or ought to, aspire to "creativeness." The creative aspect of work is, according to most present-day authorities on the subject, the best part, the most religious part. Assembly lines and automation are viewed with distaste as stifling our creative impulses.

THE ADVICE of the Bible to the man who aspires to be creative, however, is, "Stifle that impulse!" This is a part of the meaning of the second commandment-"Thou shalt not make to thyself any graven image." It is also the message of the story of the Tower of Babel, and of many another biblical passage where men overreached themselves in competition with God, all the way up to the New Testament story of the death of Herod (Acts 12:21-23).

AS WE are sharply warned not to idolize work, so are we also warned not to keep at it unremittingly. "The seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God. In it thou shalt do no manner of work.

A GREAT deal of the modern discussion of work centers around the "motive of service" and the "motive of gain," usually to the discredit of the latter. Actually, it is rather hard to separate the two things. Work is a service performed for gain; or, in a world filled to bursting with brotherly love, it is a service performed for love of one's neighbor, who in turn rewards the worker with gain because he loves him back. Work done in your own potato patch, or on your own house, is all gain and no service, and is not thereby a less respectable form of work; whereas services performed without the expectation of gain are "work" only in an incomplete sense unless they are accompanied by the dogged faithfulness to the task that is usually called forth by the motive of

THIS IS the "curse" of work - that you have to do it when you don't want to when you are tired, bored, hungry; when you wish you could be doing something else. 'In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread,' said God to Adam in Genesis 3:19, meaning thereby that Adam's economic gains would involve toil and drudgery. The motive of service is only remotely related to this picture; and the motive of creativity would appear to be represented by the eating of the apple. Automation, with all its electronic wonders, will not lift the curse. "Push that button — now!" "Program that Univac — today!"

TO WORK HARD is not a favor to God, who does not need the fruits of our work, but to ourselves, who do need them. And this even applies to work for the Church. It is possible to do too much, to work too hard and too long. It is the great temptation of our present world to confuse work with righteousness, to glamorize it with side-issues such as "service," to idolize it with mystical attributes like "creativity," and to regard the quantity and intensity of it as beyond criticism as long as it is "productive."

THE SABBATH REST was not commended as a means of achieving a higher work level on the other six days, but as an act of reverence to God, a lifting of the nose from our personal grindstone to pay attention to Him.

WHAT IS really needed, after all, is a sense of balance on the subject. Let us make our prayer the one from Proverbs 30: "Give me neither poverty nor riches; feed me with food convenient for me; lest I be full, and deny thee, and say, Who is the Lord? or lest I be poor, and steal, and take the name of my God in vain."

PETER DAY.

EPISCOPATE

Drums, Bells, Trumpets

A blare of trumpets, drums and tympanies, bells and chimes sounded to announce the consecration of the Rev. Frederick Percy Goddard as Suffragan Bishop of Texas on August 6th [L. C., August 7th]. J. H. Ossewaarde, organist and choirmaster at Christ Church Cathedral, Houston, where the ceremony was held, wrote a special composition for the occasion. An estimated 1500 people were in attendance, some standing against the walls, and others were able to see the entire service on television.

Bishop Goddard became the 14th priest to be consecrated after serving under Bishop Quin of Texas, who served as consecrator. Bishop Hines, Coadjutor of Texas, and Bishop Jones of West Texas were the co-consecrators.

When Bishop Hines becomes diocesan Bishop of Texas at the retirement of Bishop Quin in October, it is expected that a second suffragan bishop will be elected to share the work in the rapidly-growing diocese.

The new bishop has served as rector of St. John's Church, Marlin, Tex., for the past 27 years. Since Marlin is a health resort, Bishop Goddard has had concentrated experience in dealing with the sick, and it is expected that his services will be especially valuable at the new St. Luke's Hospital in Houston.

GEN. CONVENTION

Historical Reports

Three closely interrelated reports to be presented to General Convention meeting in Honolulu next month are those of the Church Historical Society, the Church's Historiographer, and of the Joint Commission on the Historical Magazine.

The Report of the Church Historical Society contains an interesting and somewhat detailed listing of items in the Society's library, collections, and archives.

All of this material is of invaluable aid to historians, and the Report lists some of the actual recent projects for which it has been used.

General Convention of 1952 expressed concern over the lack of fireproof housing and the overcrowded conditions under which the Society is now forced to operate, and charged the Managers of the Society to do something about this.

An important section of the Report, therefore, states that at last a place has been found for the more adequate housing of these priceless records — 4000 square feet of space in the new library



Rt. Rev. Frederick P. Goddard: Texas Suffragan.

of the Episcopal Theological Seminary of the Southwest. A contract has been drawn up for the use at a rental of \$600 a year of this space, and it is hoped that it will be possible to move the archives of the Society to the new location next summer.

The Society, therefore, is asking by resolution for the appropriation of \$5,000 to cover costs involved in this removal, and also for \$18,000 for the next triennium (\$6,000 a year) for general expenses of the Society. President of the Society is the Rev. Canon Walter H. Stowe, S.T.D.

Dr. Stowe is also Historiographer of the Church and in that capacity will present a brief report to the Convention. In this Dr. Stowe summarizes his duties as editor in chief of the *Historical Magazine* [see below], as president of the Church Historical Society, and as Historiographer of the Church — all of which he performs in addition to his work as a parish priest.

In his report Dr. Stowe notes that the year 1957 will be the 350th anniversary of the Jamestown settlement.

The Commonwealth of Virginia is planning a national celebration of the event, and has appointed the "Virginia 350th Anniversary Commission," who has invited the participation of the Epcopal Church in the celebration. Relutions, therefore, call for appropriation by General Convention to insulas far as possible the full participation of the Episcopal Church in the Jamtown anniversary.

The Report of the Joint Commission of the Historical Magazine — "the or journal of its kind in the Anglican Comunion" — reviews its progress over the past 24 years of its existence, during which time it has published near "10,000 pages of history and biography concerning the Episcopal Church and related sister Churches in the Anglica Communion."

HISTORY

What Price the Past?

The question, "Do Northern Presterians care more than Episcopalia about Church history?" is raised by II Walter H. Stowe, Historiographer the Episcopal Church. Dr. Stowe, wis also editor of the Church's Historia Magazine, has discovered that Northe Presbyterians spend more than 8½ tima year on their Department of Histowhat the Episcopal Church spends like work.

In a letter addressed to bishops a deputies of General Convention, I Stowe says:

"The General Assembly of the Presterian Church in the U.S.A., commo called the Northern Presbyterian Churexpended during the year 1954 in beh of the Presbyterian Historical Society which acts as its Department of Historical the following:

	\$28,024
Pensions and other employee	1 21
benefit payments	2,215
Office supplies	623
Printing	2,539
Postage and express	240
Telephone and telegraph	195
Traveling expenses, manager	187
Rent	13,884
Binding of books	503
Insurance	10
Purchase of books	
Miscellaneous	49
The state of the s	

"The General Convention of the Ercopal Church expended during 1954 on Department of History the following:

Total\$48,905

Church Historical Society\$4 Joint Commission on Historical	,800.00
Magazine	750.00
(Salary and Expenses)	200.00

"As of 1950, the Northern Presbyterian Church had 2,318,615 communicant members; the Episcopal Church had 1,712,070 members. The former had, therefore, 606,545 more communicants than the latter, or approximately one-third more (35.4%).
"Yet the Northern Presbyterian Church

Total\$5,750,00

s spending eight and one-half times more per year on its Department of History than the Episcopal Church.

"This astonishing differential raises some pertinent questions. . . .

"(1) Do Presbyterians have a higher

appreciation of the history of their Church than Episcopalians have of theirs?
"(2) The clergy of the Episcopal

Church preach eloquent sermons on the subject, 'The Church is the extension of the Incarnation.' Do they believe that their Church is a part of that Church which is the 'extension of the Incarnation?' If so, why is not a wider and deeper knowledge of its history worth finding out and know-

ng?
"(3) Americans today are more eager than ever before to look into the past for aspiration, understanding, cultural enrichment, and for a reappraisal of basic values. Judging by the money they spend. Northern Presbyterians believe that their Church has something to contribute out of its past along these lines. In view of what Episcopalians spend in this field, how strong is their belief that their Church's

past is worth looking into?

"(4) Economic determinists, who have written most of the text books on American history used in our schools and coleges, say little or nothing about the part played by religion and the Churches in

the making of America. How can the Episcopal Church, by the expenditure of such a small sum annually, properly discharge its share of responsibility in puting these economic determinists to rout?"

$WORLD\ COUNCIL$

Central Committee

A decision to meet in a Communist country next year was made by the 90nember Central Committee of the World Council of Churches at its meetng in Davos, Switzerland, August 2d o 9th. The meeting will be held July 28th to August 5th, 1956, in or near Budapest. Bishop John Peter of the Hungarian Reformed Church said the committee's decision to meet in Hun-cary was a "powerful demonstration of he unity of the World Council and of Christian Churches despite all divisions." He said that such demonstrations of inity among the Churches had contribited to the easing of international tenions. This will be the Committee's first neeting in a Communist country.



CHURCHPEOPLE* IN DAVOS: Next vear. Hungary.

A proposal for the reduction of armaments under international inspection and the development of "methods for peaceful change to rectify existing injustices" was unanimously approved by the Central Committee.

A detailed plan for disarmament was included in the report. It emphasized that moral and political factors must be considered as well as the mathematical and mechanical approach to the problem. The plan will be submitted to the United Nations General Assembly in September.

Two major themes of the Central Committee meeting were that of Christian responsibility in areas of poverty and social change, and that of the nature and content of the unity which the World Council seeks.

The Division of Aid and Service to Refugees, through its outgoing chairman, Dr. Robert Mackie, proposed to make the human and spiritual needs of Asia and Africa its main concern during

the coming year.

A letter to Patriarch Alexei and the Holy Synod of the Russian Orthodox Church was sent by the Central Committee. It was in reply to a letter from the Patriarchate in February calling for peaceful co-existence and support of the so-called World Peace Movement. The Central Committee's letter said that it desired friendly relations with Russian Churches, but that "we do not feel that the reasons which have prevented us from cooperating in the World Peace Council have lost their force." The letter dealt with the subject of religious liberty and expressed "great concern" over religious persecution in some countries. It told the Patriarch that the World Council would welcome meetings between its representatives and the Russian Orthodox Church.

The report of the Division of Interchurch Aid and Service to Refugees

*L. to r.: the Rev. Joseph Kitagawa, Mrs. T. O. Wedel, the Rev. James W. Kennedy, the Rev. T. O. Wedel, the Rev. Francis Ayres.

showed that more refugees were moved to various countries in July than in any previous month of the past three years. Australia is the largest refugee reception area, with Canada second. There was an increase in movements under the U. S. Refugee Relief Act of 1953, but the number was still small. (Amendments aimed at easing the Act, recommended by President Eisenhower and various Church groups in the United States, were not passed by Congress before its adjournment recently. The red tape reeled out by the present law makes it difficult to bring refugees into the country.) The refugee division reported a deficit of \$152,000 in its budget.

Two new members were accepted for membership in the World Council by the Central Committee. They are the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Silesia, with a membership of about 50,000, and the National Baptist Convention of America, the second largest Negro Baptist Church in the United States. The latter ups by three million the number of Baptists, notable for disinterest in overall organization structure, represented in the World Council. The largest Negro Baptist Church in America, the National Baptist Convention, is also a member.

Members of the Episcopal Church participating in the Central Committee meeting included Bishop Sherrill, who is one of the six presidents of the World Council, the Rev. James W. Kennedy, rector of the Church of the Ascension. New York City, and Dr. Nathan M. Pusey, president of Harvard University. Dr. Kennedy served on the Central Committee as a substitute for Bishop Dun of Washington. Churchmen who attended departmental meetings, which preceded the Central Committee meeting, included the Rev. Joseph Kitagawa, who worked on missionary studies; the Rev. T. O. Wedel, Evangelism; Mrs. T. O. Wedel, Cooperation of Men and Women in Church and Society; Roderick French, Youth; and the Rev. Francis Ayres, Ecumenical Institute.

Proposed Canadian Prayer Book

PRAYER BOOK revision has hit the American continent with double force. Not only has our own Liturgical Commission been putting out proposed revisions of the various services, but the Church of England in Canada has recently published a most interesting Draft Book of Common Prayer.*

This Draft Prayer Book will be submitted to the General Synod of the Canadian Church for authorization "for permissive use under the direction of the Ordinary until the General Synod of 1958, when the Book will again be presented to General Synod for

further action."

The meeting of the Canadian Synod (August 30th to September 8th) overlaps with General Convention meeting in Honolulu (September 4th to 15th). At the latter, our own Liturgical Commission will propose a resolution which, if adopted and ratified by the Convention of 1958, will make it "unquestionably legal" for General Convention at any one meeting to authorize, under whatever safeguards it may deem wise, the trial use of proposed liturgical forms.

Thus, while the contemplated actions of the respective legislative bodies are not quite parallel, they move in the same direction. Prayer Book revision is in the air on this side of the Atlantic, and we may expect a measure of experimentation on both

sides of the border in the next few years.

In contrast with the present Canadian Prayer Book — a somewhat conservative revision, made in 1918, of the English Book of 1662 — the Draft Prayer Book of 1955 is indeed striking, perhaps bold, and certainly interesting. There are important changes affecting the order and wording of the serv-

ices, as well as many less weighty changes.

These latter range all the way from minor rubrical directions (such as allowing the Collect "for any Greater Holy-day" to be said "after the Sunday Collect during the seven days following") to changes more obvious to the man in the pew (like the removal of the Communion Office from its former position after the Collects, Epistles, and Gospels to a position before this section (as in the American Prayer Book) and the moving up of the Psalter to a position immediately following the Collects, Epistles, and Gospels.

Thus the Communion service is followed by the Collects, Epistles, and Gospels, which in turn are followed by the Psalter, while the Occasional Offices (Baptism, Confirmation, Holy Matrimony, Burial, etc.), together with the Ordinal and other miscellaneous material, are relegated to the back of the

book.

The usual motives for Prayer Book revision are

*Anglican Book Centre, 600 Jarvis St., Toronto, \$1.75.

seen to operate in this revision as in other recent revisions undertaken in the Anglican Communion But the removal of archaic phraseology and the softening of harsh theological ideas seems not so notice able here as even in the present American Bool "Succour" does, indeed, become "help" in the Catechism (p. 521), and "Because there is none other that fighteth for us, but only thou, O God" becomes—with the same rhythm preserved—"Because there is none other that ruleth the world, but only thou, O God" (pp. 11, 23). On the other hand "prevent" (in the sense of "come before") is allowed to stand in "Prevent us, O Lord, in all our doings, etc., where the American Book has substitute "direct."

THE needs of modern life — another motive of Prayer Book revision—are clearly reflected in the Canadian Draft Book's new prayers entitled Fol Industry (p. 54), For right relations in Industry For those who work in Mines, For those in Hazard ous Occupations (p. 55), and For the Advancement of Science (p. 57), as well as in the sane and balance statement in regard to the "grace" of "Imposition of Hands and Anointing of the Sick":

"Which grace is given to the whole man and intender not to separate what God has plainly joined together: no to give so much attention to man's bodily ills or health as withdraw his care from the attainment of perfect unity with God's will and purpose. For God wills the salvation of ma in his soul, in his mind, and in his body" (Rubric, p. 560)

The sanctioning of common practice — another frequent effect of Prayer Book revision — is seen the proposed Canadian Book's provision for the double ring ceremony in Holy Matrimony. The woman may give to the man a ring, saying, "The ring I give thee in token and pledge of our constant."

faith and abiding love."

The desire for theological precision — an obvously important objective in Prayer Book revision—is seen in the Canadian Church's new proposed translation of the Nicene Creed. This is similar to or own Liturgical Commission's tentative version. both are accepted by the respective Churches, American and Canadian Churchmen will be saying (wit reference to God the Son) "through whom all thing were made" (which is a more accurate translation of the Greek dia than "by"). Both versions restor the note "holy" to the Church, but American will affirm belief "in" the Church, while Canadian will continue to "believe One, Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic Church."

Commonly accepted results of liturgical schola ship are seen in a number of places throughout the canadian Draft Book. The clearest examples, howver, are in the Office of Holy Communion. This as not been revised to the extent that our Liturgical commission proposes for the corresponding Amerian Office. Thus the Gloria in Excelsis remains at the end, and the Commandments must still be said at least once a month on a Sunday, and on the reat Festivals."

On the other hand, in line with the liturgical novement's emphasis upon the bread and the wine s the offering of the worshiping group, "the Churchvardens, or other representatives of the people," ccording to a rubric in the proposed Canadian revision, "may bring to the Priest the Bread and the Vine for the Communion."

But the most interesting change in the direction of sounder liturgical usage is in the Prayer of Concertation. Hitherto this has followed the truncated English form of 1662, which also has the Prayer of Humble Access between the Sanctus and the beginning of the Consecration. Now, the Consecration is made to begin with "Lift up your hearts" (precised by "The Lord be with you," etc.) and to tie in neatly with either the Sanctus (from which the Amen has been removed) or the Benedictus, in case his is added. This is accomplished by making the Prayer of Consecration begin: "Blessing and glory and thanksgiving be unto thee Almighty God, our neavenly Father, who of thy tender mercy," etc.

As the Prayer continues, "perpetual memorial" replaces "perpetual memory," "Covenant" replaces "Testament" ("This is my Blood of the new Covenant"), and the Prayer concludes:

"Wherefore, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, in union with all thy holy Church, we thy humble servants remember before thee the precious death, the mighty resurrection, and the glorious ascension of thy beloved Son; And looking for his coming again in glory, we present unto thy divine Majesty this holy Bread of eternal life, and this Cup of everlasting salvation; And we entirely desire thy fatherly goodness mercifully to accept this our sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving, most humbly beseeching thee to grant, that by the merits and death of thy Son Jesus Christ, and through faith in his blood, we and all thy whole Church, may obtain remission of our sins, and all other benefits of his passion; And we pray that by the power of thy Holy Spirit, all we who are partakers of this Holy Communion, may be fulfilled with thy grace and heavenly benediction; through Jesus Christ our Lord, by whom," etc.

The result is a Prayer neatly related to its context, well rounded out in its "shape" and conclusion, longer and fuller than the overly brief one of the English 1662 rite, but less verbose and drawn out than that of the present American Prayer Book.

We hope that American Churchmen will study the Canadian proposals, and we venture to hope also that Canadian Churchmen will continue to study — as they no doubt have been doing — the proposals of our own Liturgical Commission.

Souls & Time-Clocks

"A man's soul is not measured by a ime-clock; both saints and sinners are o be found among men who punch time-clocks and among men who do not." This observation is made in the Report of the Joint Commission to Survey he Missionary Problems in Industrial Areas — a commission authorized by the ast General Convention, that will make ts first Report to this coming Convention.

The Report continues:

"The Church fights for the conversion of everyone, worker and manager alike, neither praising nor condemning any man on the basis of his membership in either

"The Church, especially in industrial treas, must witness in its own fellowship he answer to the class tension which is vritten so deeply and tragically into the ndustrial scene. We are deeply grateful or the many sound members of management who make constant, inspired, and deroic attempts to carry their Christian convictions into the industrial sphere."

Yet the main burden of the Report has to do with the Church's outreach oward workers, for these form by far he greater part of the estimated 20,000,000 of the nation's population iving in industrial areas.

The Report states that, "while the missionary strategy in these urban-industrial areas will thus be part of our total missionary strategy in urban areas, certain variations in that strategy will be demanded by the specific problems of the American industrial situation."

Industries, according to an authority cited by the Report, have a tendency to settle in already populated areas. On this the Report comments:

"It would seem that the growth of industrial areas will add to the congestion of urban areas, with all the problems this means for church life. It would also seem that there will be, as has already begun, a gradual shift, by which older suburban areas will become specifically industrial areas."

This involves radical population shifts that have frequently in the past left the Episcopal Church isolated. Episcopal Church congregations have often found it difficult to adjust to the influx of newcomers, and as a result have become neglected islands in a sea of people. Nevertheless, the Report points out, there are many industrial areas where the Episcopal Church has made the necessary adjustment.

Living habits of the "Time-Clock Community," with rotating shifts of workers, completely upset the tidy fiveday week and make necessary a drastic rearrangement of typical parish programs, notes the Report.

The Report believes that the Episcopal Church suffers from "a vast imbalance in the number of manual workers" in its membership. Though statistics for the Episcopal Church are unavailable, the Report, judging from such statistics as the Methodist Church has compiled, believes that "the proportion of communicants who are manual workers falls far below the proportion of manual workers in our national population."

Yet it appears that labor is willing to hear the Church if the Church will speak to it in terms relevant to its situation. There are many things — better housing conditions, for example — which both the Church and labor ought to be able jointly to support. A recent report showed that while 30% of Detroit's population belongs to labor unions, 53% were members of some church.

The Report points out that, while workers who are members of unions are sometimes found on church vestries, few are found in diocesan conventions and hardly any in General Convention; "but winning the worker in industrial areas will continue to be a problem less than fully solved until the dioceses and the General Convention face this leadership imbalance frankly and take appropriate action to correct it."



LAYMEN*: Is their ability to direct and advise being wasted in the parish?

Give The Men A Chance

How to increase the man power of a parish without increasing the size of the vestry.

By the Rev. Dudley J. Stroup

Rector, Grace Church, Hinsdale, Ill.

I T should be a matter of deep concern that the Church has so many fine, intelligent, and interested men whose abilities are seldom utilized. A few men are elected to our vestries each year while many other men, equally capable, are seldom called to serve the Church except for the Every Member Canvass.

It is true that more and more of our parishes have rotation on the vestry, so that some new men are given the opportunity each year to serve the parish. But in a parish of even moderate size, there are many other men who are never called on other than to raise money.

Equally serious in a growing parish is the increase of work on the vestry as well as the clergy. Many problems arise in meetings of the vestry which are deserving of close attention and study. It is sometimes necessary for a vestry to make an important decision, affecting the life of the parish, with the rector as the person really familiar with the need.

In our own suburban parish within the past few years, it became increasingly evident that something should be done to spread the work. The meetings of the vestry were often too long and too frequent, and too many important decisions had to be made without sufficient study. But what could be done?

It would have been comparatively simple to increase the size of the vestry. This would have brought more men into the work, it is true. At the same time, it would have made it more difficult to get a full attendance, especially in a suburb where most businessmen are required to travel. And with more minds to reach agreement, it could have merely lengthened the meetings of the vestry.

A junior vestry could have been organized, with certain delegated powers. But a junior vestry seldom means a great deal in the life of a parish, since it is the vestry which holds the purse string that has the final responsibility for material decisions.

Ordinarily, throughout the Chuvestry committees are composed only vestrymen. This means that every vesman serves on several committees, may be chairman of one, but a men of two or three others.

It was finally determined that a vestryman would be appointed chain of one committee. The membership that committee would be composed non-vestry laymen. The number of selected from the congregation to so on a particular committee was demined by the size of the task entru to its care. The Youth Committee, example, has such a variety of organ tions under its jurisdiction that it given a number of sub-committees.

Each vestry committee is charged vestry the responsibility for carrying out directives of the rector and vestry, chairman serves as the channel of commication. By selecting men with in est in a particular field, or with speabilities, the work of the parish is gray strengthened. Under this system, consideration is given to changes improvements before recommendat are made to the Vestry.

Nor does this only save the time the vestry and help with its work, also an adjunct to the work of the orgy, relieving them of details of paractivities which can be more effectificandled by laymen. Suggestions ideas are constantly being advanced promoted by the various committees a result, the clergy are better able devote their time to the spiritual lift the parish.

Preaching, teaching, counseling, administering the sacraments is a time job. Administrative details car a handicap in doing these most im tant tasks of the ministry. Laymer the Church can and should be given opportunity to direct, advise, and a at every possible point. As they bel strengthen the work of one parish, are also aiding in the spread of the k dom of God.

^{*}Photo shows men at 1954 Corporate Communion for men and boys in Buffalo, N. Y.

EDUCATIONAL

SEMINARIES

Busy Place

The University of the South, Sevanee, Tenn., is a busy place during the ummer, with people coming from all arts of the country to attend classes nd conferences. The Sewanee Summer Craining School, for laymen, and the Graduate School of Theology, for cler-





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gymen, are annual sessions which attract increasing numbers of Churchpeople.

The official conference on Christian education of the Church's Fourth Province, the Sewanee Summer Training School is under the joint direction of the provincial department of Christian education and the University of the South. The program is designed to meet needs over and above those covered by diocesan conferences. Among the over 100 applicants for the 1955 session are provincial, diocesan, and parish officers and lay readers.

The most popular course of the eightday training school appears to be "a session of chancel instruction for laymen" given by Bishop Stuart of Georgia.

Among faculty members are the Rev. R. K. Yerkes, a former professor of Sewanee's School of Theology, and the Rev. David B. Collins, chaplain of the University of the South.

Evening speakers during the sessions will include Bishop Jones of Louisiana, the Rev. James McKeown, director of the Southwest Town-Country Institute, Cameron, Tex., who will discuss "The Church and the Rural Community," and Dr. Edward McCrady, Sewanee's vice-chancellor and president.

The five-week Graduate School of Theology has an enrollment of about

35 clergymen of the Church.

Most of the registrants are working toward a master of sacred theology degree that can be earned from Sewanee after three to four summers of graduate school work.

Acting director of the school this year is the Rev. Dr. Wilford O. Cross, who is teaching a course on the history of American Puritanism. Dr. Cross is associate professor of the philosophy of religion and ethics at Sewanee's School of Theology. The director of the graduate school, the Rev. Dr. Massey H. Shepherd, Jr., professor of liturgics at the Church Divinity School of the Pacific, Berkeley, Calif., is abroad this summer.

Sewanee established its Graduate School of Theology in 1937 to afford clergymen an opportunity for post-ordination work with recognized leaders of theological knowledge and interpretation. It is the only school of its kind in the Church.

COLLEGES

Commendation Cards

A card of commendation has been prepared by National Council for rectors wishing to refer college students from their parishes to clergy in academic communities. More than 50,000 new students are expected to join 150,000 other Churchpeople in colleges and universities this fall.



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Archie Ira Drake, Priest

The Rev. Archie Ira Drake died in Kingston, N. Y., August 7th. From 1943 until his retirement in April, Fr. Drake served as business manager of the Holy Cross Press, West Park, N. Y. After retirement he held the position of chaplain at the Keeley Institute, Dwight, Illinois.

Fr. Drake was born in Buffalo, N. Y., July 5, 1898. He attended the Collegiate Department of the former Seabury Divinity School and graduated from the Theological Department with the B.D. degree in 1924. He was ordained deacon in 1924 and priest in 1925. From 1925 to 1927 he was rector of the Church of Our Saviour, Du Bois, Penna. He became curate at All Saints' Cathedral, Milwaukee, Wis., in 1927, becoming minor canon in 1929 and dean in 1930. From 1934 to 1937 he was dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Mishawaka, Ind.

He held other pastoral and parochial charges until his taking over of the business managership of the Holy Cross Press.

Leonard K. Smith, Priest

The Rev. Leonard K. Smith, assistant rector emeritus of Grace Church, Colorado Springs, Colo., died July 27th in Colorado Springs. He was 79.

Born in Boston, Mr. Smith was ordained priest in 1908 and served as rector of Grace Church, Huron, S. D., until 1910. He then went as a missionary to two areas in Wyoming, returning to Massachusetts as vicar of Grace Church, South Boston, in 1911. In 1914 he moved to Des Moines, Iowa, serving St. Mark's Church and later St. Luke's Church there.

From 1919 to 1925 Mr. Smith was vicar of St. James' Church, Spokane, Wash. He later served churches in Livingston, Mont., San Marcos, Tex., Grosse Ile, Mich., and Newport, Ark., before going to Colorado Springs in 1947. He retired in 1951.

As an author Mr. Smith was known for his books for boys and volumes of poetry. He edited diocesan magazines in Michigan and Arkansas and contributed short stories and serials to Boys' Life magazine. Some of his books were translated into German under government auspices during World War II.

Victor D. Cronk

Victor D. Cronk, one of the most active Catholic laymen of the diocese of Chicago and of the entire midwest, died in La Grange, Ill., on July 29th, of a cerebral hemorrhage at the age of 80. He had continued active in Church fairs almost up to the time of his deal serving as vice-president of the Catho Club of Chicago and of the Nation Guild of Churchmen. He had helped found both organizations.

The funeral was held in his home p ish of Emmanuel Church, La Gran The Rev. Gordon B. Galaty, recticelebrated the Requiem Eucharist a conducted the Burial Office, assisted the Rev. Joseph F. Higgins of the Epil

any, Chicago.

Mr. Cronk's contribution to the Car olic movement in the Church w summed up by Clifford Terry, recent retired after many years as president the Catholic Club, in the following statement:

"As it must to all men, death came Victor D. Cronk of La Grange, Ill., at age of 80 on July 29th. In my mind was a Christian gentleman, loyal to God, his parish, and his friends. In 19 Vic, as he was known to his intimates, to up the reins of the Catholic Club of C cago, sitting in on its inception, and servi as its first president. He remained its vi president until his death.

"During my 13 years as the club's lead Victor Cronk was my right and left has Sitting at luncheon with me daily, he vised many of the club's best program because he more than any layman in d communion today knew what the la needed and, more important, knew priests and bishops and laymen capable giving it to them. I received many awar during my term as president that we justly due to Victor Cronk. I shall m him, as will the Church. May he rest peace."

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LBANY

abor Secretary

Secretary of Labor James F. Mitchell as accepted an invitation of the diocese f Albany to act as analyst of the panel iscussion on "Organized Labor" at the hurch and Work Congress to be held Albany on October 19th, 20th, and

The organized labor panel will be ne of eight discussion groups which will ring to Albany some 250 business and rofessional leaders from all parts of the ountry. The other groups will repreent government service, business and idustrial management, education, law, nedicine, communications, and social

Dr. Arnold J. Toynbee, historian and ducator, is coming to Albany from his ome in Manchester, England, for the longress.

MISSISSIPPI

Vandals

Juvenile vandals have wrecked the 05 year old Chapel of the Cross, Anandale, Miss., near Jackson. A night uard has been posted to prevent further

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LTAR LINENS: Exquisite qualities of Irish Church Linens by the yard, or Madeira-embroisted Altar Linens of all types made up to fit your quirements. Nominal Prices. Plexiglass Palloundations \$1.00. Free Samples. Mary Moore, ox 394-L, Davenport, Ia.

LTAR LINENS, Surplices, Transfer Patterns. Pure linen by the yard. Martha B. Young, 2229 aple Drive, Midwest City, Oklahoma.

LTAR LINENS made to order, with or without handmade Filet lace. Mrs. Charles Petskeyes, 709 Middleroad, Davenport, Iowa.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

When requesting a change of address, please enclose old as well as new address. Changes must be received at least two weeks before they become effective.

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THE LIVING CHURCH

damage to the church, where services are held infrequently.

A gold cross was reported stolen from the altar, and candlesticks and vases are missing. Groups which reportedly held wild parties in the church have carved their initials on the walls, broken windows, and pulled down heavy iron doors, over a period of several years.

MILWAUKEE

Secret Service

Women of the diocese of Milwaukee kept secret for over a year their plans to give Bishop Hallock of Milwaukee and Mrs. Hallock a silver tea service for their silver wedding anniversary. The gift was presented to the Hallocks on August 4th at the ingathering of the diocesan United Thank Offering at Oconomowoc, Wis. Although money for the gift had to be collected completely without publicity, enough was given to make it possible to purchase a silver service for 12 and odd pieces as well as the tea service. The gift was given at this time because the Hallocks will be at General Convention in Honolulu on the actual date of their anniversary.

FLORIDA

Without Restriction

Representatives of the Canterbury House at the University of Florida in Gainesville endorsed an appeal urging an immediate end to segregation at the school. The appeal, initiated by the Gainesville Society of Friends (Quakers) was also endorsed by representatives of the Methodists and the Baptist Student Union.

They asked the State Board of Control to admit "immediately to the University of Florida all applicants who are qualified without restriction of race."

Admission to the university of students now banned because of race, the letter said, "will show the nation and the world that Florida answered the Supreme Court's call for local leadership by a prompt and reasonable start toward full compliance without law suits.'

RNS

The Living Church Development Fund

Previously acknowledged\$13,	207.22
Mrs. D. H., Palm Springs	25 00
IVITS. D. II., I aim Springs	23.00
\$10 each from: Mrs. R. V. M., Santa	
Monica; M. B. A., Oakland; Mrs.	
F. H. A., New Canaan	30.00
\$5 each from: A. K., McAllen; Mrs.	
G.W., Johnson City; H.E.B., Santa	
Paula; Mrs. K.C.N., Walkersville;	
D.E.H., Walpole; R.L.N., Buffalo	30.00
M. A. M., Auburn	3.00
R. V. L., Pomeroy	2.50
\$2 each from: R.E.R., Patrick Springs;	
D.L. Van E., Sodus	4.00
Mrs. M.L.S., Wichita Falls	1.00

\$13,302.72

CLASSIFIED

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

EMBROIDER STAMPED LINENS. Buy direct from Manufacturer and save. Send for FREE catalog. Merribee, Dept. 866, 22 West 21st Street, New York 10, N. Y.

PERSONAL

IF ANY ONE KNOWS of the whereabouts of Wilmer Wescoat, please contact the Very Rev. Harry B. Lee, St. James' Cathedral, Fresno, California. He will undoubtedly be visiting priests of the Church seeking financial assistance.

POSITIONS OFFERED

BRENT SCHOOL, Baguio, Philippines, wants churchwoman to serve as housemother. Write Headmaster.

PRIEST, about 30, single and unencumbered, with evangelical background but Catholic conviction, to be curate temporarily then rector of parish in small midwestern town. Rectory board and room provided. Reply Box A-242, The Living Church, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

MISSIONARY TEACHERS WANTED for Indian girls' school, Moderate salary, but great spiritual and educational rewards. Write Headmaster, St. Mary's School, Springfield, South Dakota.

PRIEST. DESIRABLE KANSAS community, good stipend, rectory and utilities. State marital status, qualifications. Catholic Churchman, no extremes. Reply Box G-239, The Living Church, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

RECTOR TO SERVE Kansas City, Kansas par-ish. 1,100 communicants. Good salary and fine rectory. Write Dwight Coburn, Riverview State Bank, 7th and Central Avenue, Kansas City, Kans.

POSITIONS WANTED

PRIEST — Catholic, will supply last three weeks in September, and/or during month of October. Reply Box S-244, The Living Church, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER, M Mus., F.A.G.O., desires full-time position in large city parish. Well experienced with adult and junior choirs. Training under Everett Titcomb and others. Available immediately. Reply Box W-237, The Living Church, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

RETREATS

LIFE ABUNDANT MOVEMENT — Last Wednesday of Month — 9:30 A.M. Greystone — The Rectory, 321 Mountain Avenue, Piedmont, Calif. Canon Gottschall, Director.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES

- RATES

 (A) 15 cts. a word for one insertion; 14 cts. a word an insertion for 3 to 12 consecutive insertions; 13 cts. a word an insertion for 13 to 25 consecutive insertions; and 12 cts. a word an insertion for 26 or more consecutive insertions. Minimum rate (10 words or less) \$1.50.

 (B) Keyed advertisements, same rates as (A) above, plus 25 cts. service charge for first insertion and 10 cts. service charge for each succeeding insertion.

 (C) Non-commercial notices of Church organizations (resolutions and minutes): 15 cts. a word, first 25 words; 7½ cts. per additional word.

 (D) Church services, 75 cts. a count line (approximately 12 lines to the inch); special contract rates available on application to advertising manager.

 (E) Copy for advertisements must be received at least 12 days before publication date.

 THE LIVING CHURCH

THE LIVING CHURCH

407 East Michigan Street, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

CHANGES

Appointments Accepted

The Rev. Raymond E. Abbitt, formerly addressed in Dinuba, Calif., is now curate of St. John's Parish, Dallas, Tex., and principal of the day school. Address: 950 Tiffany Way, Dallas 18.

The Rev. Donald B. Baldwin, who was recently ordained deacon, is now serving St. George's Mission, E. Indiana Ave. and Livingston St., Philadelphia.

The Rev. Russell H. Champlin, who was recently ordained deacon, is now curate of Trinity Church, Watertown, N. Y.

The Ven. Robert F. Cowling, formerly in charge of Christ Church, Cedar Key, Fla., and its associated field, is now archdeacon of the western convocation of the diocese of Florida, in charge of churches at Milton, Crestview, and DeFuniak Springs. Address: Box 282, Milton.

The Rev. Howard R. Crispell, formerly rector of St. Simon's Church, Brooklyn, is now rector of St. Paul's Church, Roosevelt, N. Y. Address: 25 W. Centennial Ave.

The Rev. James D'Wolf, Jr., who was recently ordained deacon, is now vicar of St. John's Church, Caruthersville, Mo., and St. Luke's Mission, Kennett.

The Rev. Walter D. Edwards, Jr., who was cently ordained deacon, is now serving Christ Church, Pearisburg, Va.

Church, Pearisburg, Va.

The Rev. Dr. Charles J. Harth, formerly assistant of St. Bartholomew's Church, Baltimore, will on October 1st become rector of the Church of Our Saviour, Broadway at McElderry, Baltimore, and executive secretary of the diocesan department of Christian social relations. Residence: 4651 Manordene Rd., Apt. C., Baltimore 29.

Dr. Harth is known to many missionaries as the former' warden of the Church Guest House in Hong Kong. He was also secretary and chaplain to the Bishop of Hong Kong.

The Rev. Dr. A. Abhott Hastings, who formerly.

The Rev. Dr. A. Abbott Hastings, who formerly served St. John's Church, Beverly Farms, Mass., is now associate rector of Christ Church, Shaker Heights, Ohio. Address: 15925 Van Aken Blvd., Apt. 107, Shaker Heights 20.

The Rev. John B. Haverland, formerly curate of St. Paul's Church, Oakland, Calif., is now

vicar of St. Christopher's Church, Hobbs, N. Mex. Address: 1120 San Mateo Dr.

The Rev. Joseph E. James, who was recently ordained deacon, is now assistant of Christ Church, Easton, Md.

The Rev. Joseph N. Leo, Jr., formerly curate of the Memorial Church of the Good Shepherd, Germantown, Pa., is now curate of the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, Pa. Address: 203 David Dr., Apt. B-2.

The Rev. Mr. Leo was married on June 11th to Elizabeth Joyce Bracher, daughter of Alfred F. Bracher, Jr., and the former Esther Elizabeth

The Rev. Floyd C. Medford, Jr., formerly vicar of St. John's Mission, Sealy, Tex., and St. Luke's, El Campo, is now associate rector of St. James' Church, Houston. Address: 2611 Oakdale, Hous-

The Rev. Roy S. Rawson, formerly rector of Grace Church, Menomonie, Wis., is now manager of Holy Cross Press, West Park, N. Y.

The Rev. John A. Sanford, who was recently ordained deacon, is now curate of St. Luke's Church, Monrovia, Calif. Address: 421 Wild Rose Ave.

The Rev. Charles Sunderland, formerly rector of St. John's Church, Kansas City, Mo., is now in charge of Grace Church, Colton, Calif. Address: 280 E. F St.

The Rev. Clarence Stolz, Jr., who was recently ordained deacon, is now vicar of St. Augustine's Church, Bruno and Blendon Aves., St. Louis, Mo.

The Rev. William Toland, Jr., who was recently crdained deacon will on September 1st take charge of St. Peter's Church, Canton, Ill., and St. James', Lewistown.

The Rev. James E. Tripp, formerly rector of St. Peter's Church, Canton, Ill., and vicar of St. James', Lewistown, will return to GTS for further study this fall and will serve as assistant of the Church of the Transfiguration, New York.

The Rev. Dr. Hewitt B. Vinnedge, vicar of St. John's Church, Crawfordsville, Ind., has added to his duties the position of lecturer in religion at Wabash College, Crawfordsville, as of September. Address: 211 S. Grant Ave. The Rev. Layton P. Zimmer, who was rece ordained deacon, is now curate of St. Andr Church, Wilmington, Del.

Diocesan Positions

The Very Rev. Frederick B. Wolf, dean of Cathedral of St. John, Quincy, Ill., is now ed of Light, the magazine of the diocese of Qui Address: 701 Hampshire St., Quincy.

Changes of Address

The Rev. O. M. Bailey, who has been recto St. Paul's Church, Bremerton, Wash., will non-parochial for a year. His address was cently changed from Yonkers, N. Y., to 508 114th St., New York 25.

The Rev. Edward B. Birch, non-parochial the district of Spokane, formerly addressed Ellensburg, Wash., may now be addressed Box 839, Moses Lake, Wash.

The Rev. Peter Chase, formerly addressed St. Augustine's College, Canterbury, Engla may now be addressed at 17 Lloyd Ave., Pr dence 6, R. I.

Canon William L. Hargrave, executive secret of the diocese of South Florida, has moved Orlando from 100 Liberty St. to 1742 Gay

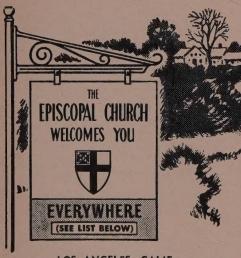
The Rev. William T. Renison, retired pries the district of San Joaquin, will do supply wat the Seamen's Church Institute in New Y until September 30th. His permanent address mains: 1111 S. Country Club, Stockton 4, C

Ordinations

Rhode Island — By Bishop Higgins, on Au 3d at the Cathedral of St. John, Providence Rev. C. P. Gilson preaching):

Richard Aldrich Stevens, presented by the J H. W. Bolles; to be assistant of the Church the Ascension, Rochester, N. Y.

John Edgar Tebbetts, presented by the J D. A. Howard; to be in charge of the Chu of the Resurrection, Norwood, R. I. Address: Fair St., Gaspee Plateau, Providence 5, R.



LOS ANGELES, CALIF .-

ST. MARY OF THE ANGELS 4510 Finley Ave. Rev. James Jordan, r; Rev. Neal Dodd, r-em; Rev. Eugene Stech, c

Sun Masses: 8, 9, 11, MP 10:40, EP & B **5:30**; Daily Mon, Wed, Thurs, Sat, 9; Tues, Fri 6:30; C Sat **4:30** & **7:30**

-SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.-

ADVENT OF CHRIST THE KING Rev. Weston H. Gillett; 261 Fell St. nr. Gough Rev. Francis Kane McNaul, Jr. Sun Masses 8, 9:30, 11 (High & Ser); 9 MP; Daily 7:30 ex Sat; Fri, Sat & HD 9:30, 9 MP, 5:30 Ev; 1st Fri HH 8; C Sat 4:30 & 7:30 & by appt

ST. FRANCIS'
Rev. E. M. Pennell, Jr., D.D.; Rev. M. G. Streeter
Sun 8, 9:30 & 11; HC Wed 7, HD & Thurs 9:15

-DENVER, COLO.-

ST. MARY'S
Sun Mass 7:30, 9, EP & B 8; Daily: As anno; C Sat 7:45-9:15

-BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

ST. GEORGE'S Clinton & Rev. Delmar S. Markle, r Sun Eu 8; 10 (Choral); 11:30 Church open 24 hours everyday. Clinton & Beechwood Aves.

-WATERBURY, CONN.-

TRINITY Rev. Roger 25 Prospect Street Sun H Eu 8 & 10; Daily as anno Rev. Roger B. T. Anderson

KEY—Light face type denotes AM, black face PM; add, address; anno, announced; appt, appointment; B, Benediction; C, Confessions; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; d, deacon; EP Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist, Ev, Evensong; ex, except; HC, Holy Communion, HD, Holy Days; HH, Holy Hour; Instr., Instructions; Int, Intercessions; Lit, Litany; Mat. Matins; MP, Morning Prayer; r, rector; r-em, rector-remeritus; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young People's Fellowship.

-WASHINGTON, D. C.-

WASHINGTON CATHEDRAL Mount Saint A Rt. Rev. Angus Dun, Bishop; Very Rev. Franci Sayre, Jr., Dean Sun HC 8, 9:30; MP, Ser 11 (1 \$ HC), E-Wkdys HC 7:30; Int 12; Ev 4; Open Daily 7

Sun Masses: 8, 9:30; 11:15 Sol, Ev & B 8; Maily ex Sat 7, Sat 12; Prayer Book day 7 G Noon; C Sat 5-6

FORT LAUDERDALE, FLA. ALL SAINTS' 335 Tarpon D Sun 7:30, 9, 11 & 7; Daily 7:30 & 5:30; T & HD 9; C Sat 4:30-5:30

-MIAMI, FLA.-

ST. STEPHEN'S Sun 7, 8, 10; and Daily.

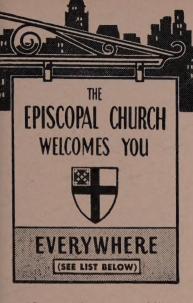
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> 3439 Main High C Sat 5-6 &

-ORLANDO, FLA.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. LUKE Main & Jefferson Sun 7:30, 9, 11, Ev 5, Compline 7:45; Daily & 5:45; Thurs & HD 10; C Sat 7

(Continued on page 15)



(Continued from page 14)

-CHICAGO, ILL.-

ATHEDRAL OF ST. JAMES

Iron & Wabash (nearest Loop)

Iry Rev. H. S. Kennedy, D.D., dean; Rev. G. H.

Irrow, Canon Precentor

n 8 & 10 HC, 11 MP, HC, & Ser; Daily 7:15

P, 7:30 HC, also Wed 10; Thurs 6:30; (Monru Fri) Int 12:10, 5:15 EP

BARTHOLOMEW'S 6720 v. Clifford A. Buck n 8, 10:30; HC Weekdays 9 6720 Stewart Avenue

-EVANSTON, ILL.-

LUKE'S

Hinman & Lee Street

Eu 7:30, 9, 11; Weekdays Eu 7, also Wed 6:15,

y also Fri (Requiem) 7:30, also HD 10; MP 6:45;

Fri HH & B 8:15; C Sat 4:30-5:30, 7:30-8:30

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA-

JAMES'

V. William Paul Barnds, D.D.

n 8, 9:15, 11; Tues 8:15; Thurs 9, Fri 7;
Sat 11-noon & by appt

-BALTIMORE, MD.-

MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS 20th & St. Paul v. D. F. Fenn, D.D., r; Rev. Ira L. Fetterhoff n 7:30, 9:30, 11 & daily

BOSTON, MASS.

L SAINTS' (at Ashmont Station) Dorchester tv, Sewall Emerson; Rev. T. Jerome Hayden, Jr. in 7:30, 9 (sung), 11 MP & HC with Hyms; billy MP 6:40, HC 7 (ex Thurs 6); C Sat 5-6

-MARBLEHEAD, MASS .-

C. MICHAEL'S Summer St. at Washington NY. Dayid W. Norton, Jr., r n 8 & 11

-DETROIT, MICH .-

CARNATION

10331 Dexter Blvd.

10. C. L. Attridge, r; Rev. L. W. Angwin, c

10. Masses: 7:30, 10:30. Doily: 6:30, also Mon,

10. Masses: 7:30, 10:30. Doily: 6:30. Mon,

10. Masses: 7:30, 10:30. Mon,

10. Masses: 7:30. Mon,

10. Masses: 7:3

-ST. JOSEPH, MO. -

ARIST CHURCH 7th & Francis Sts. IV. W. H. Hanckel, r nn HC 9, MP & Ser 11; Thurs HC 12; HD HC

KANSAS CITY, MO.

13th and Holmes

. MARY'S iv. C. T. Cooper, r in Masses: 7:30, 9, 11

___ST. LOUIS, MO.-

DLY COMMUNION 7401 Delmar Blvd.
w. W. W. S. Hohenschild, r
n HC 8, 9, 11 1 5, 11 MP; HC Tues 7, Wed
:30

RINITY Euclid and Washington Ave. NY. A. E. Walmsley, r n 7, 9; Tues 6:45, Thurs 10; C Sat 5-6

ATTEND SUMMER CHURCH SERVICES

The clergy and parishioners are particularly anxious for strangers and visitors to make these churches their own when visiting in the city.

SEA GIRT, N. J.

ST. URIEL THE ARCHANGEL Rev. Canon R. H. Miller, r; Rev. A. S. Bolinger, c Sun 8, HC 9:30 Sung Eu, 11 MP; Daily: HC 7:30 ex Fri 9:30

BUFFALO, N. Y.-

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL Shelton Square Very Rev. Phillip F. McNairy, D.D., dean Canon Mitchell Haddad

Sun 8, 9:30, 11; Mon, Fri, Sat HC **12:05**; Tues, Thurs, HC 8; Prayers, Ser **12:05**; Wed HC 7, 11, Healing Service **12:05**

ST. ANDREW'S Rev. Thomas R. Gibson, r Sun Masses 8, 10 (Sung), MP 9:30; Daily 7, Thurs 10; C Sat 8-8:30

GREENWOOD LAKE, N. Y.-

GOOD SHEPHERD Rev. Harry Brooks Malcolm, r"In the heart of the beautiful Ramapo Mts." Sun: Mass 8, 9:45, MP & Ser 11; The occasional Sacraments by appt

NEW YORK CITY-

NEW YORK CATHEDRAL (St. John the Divine)
112th and Amsterdam, New York City
Sun HC 8, 9, 10, MP, HC & Ser 11, Ev & Ser 4;
Weekdays MP 7:45, HC 8 also 10 Wed and Ev 5

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Park Ave. and 51st Street Rev. Irving S. Pollard, Minister in Charge 8 & 9:30 HC, 11 Morning Service and Ser; Week-day HC Tues 10:30; Wed & Saints' Days 8; Thurs 12:10; EP Tues & Thurs 6. Church open daily for

HEAVENLY REST 5th Ave. at 90th Street Rev. John Ellis Large, D.D. Sun HC 8 & 9:30, MP & Ser 11; Thurs HC & Healing Service 12; HD HC 7:30 & 12; Daily MP 8

ST. IGNATIUS' Rev. C. A. Weatherby 87 St. & West End Ave., one block West of B'dway Sun 8:30 & 10:30 (Sol); Daily 7:30, 6; C Sat 4-5

ST. MARY THE VIRGIN Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D. 139 West 46th Street
Sun 7, 9, 11, EP & B 8; Daily 7, 8, Wed & HD 9:30, Fri 12:10; C Sat 2-3, 4-5, 7:30-8:30

RESURRECTION 115 East 74th Rev. A. A. Chambers, r; Rev. M. L. Foster, c Sun 8 & 10; Daily 7:30 ex Mon & Sat 10; C Sat 4

ST. THOMAS
Sth. Ave. & 53rd Street
Rev. Frederick M. Morris, D.D., r Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11 1S, MP 11; Daily 8:15 HC, Thurs 11, HD **12:10**

THE PARISH OF TRINITY CHURCH Rev. John Heuss, D.D., r

TRINITY
Rev. Bernard C. Newman, v Sun HC 8, 9, 11, EP **3:30**; Daily MP 7:45, HC 8, 12, Midday Ser **12:30**, EP **5:05**; Sat HC 8, EP **1:30**; HD HC 12; C Fri **4:30** & by appt

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL Broadway & Fulton St. Rev. Robert C. Hunsicker, v
Sun HC 8:30, 10; Daily MP 7:45, HC 8, Middey Ser 12:05, 1:05 ex Sat, EP 3, C Fri & Sat 2-4, & by appt

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION
Broadway & 155th St.
Rev. Robert R. Spears, Jr., v
Sun HC 8, 9:30 & 11, EP 4; Weekdays HC daily
7 & 10, MP 9, EP 5:30, Sat 5, Int 11:50; C Sat
4-5 & by appt

ST. LUKE'S CHAPEL 487 Hudson St. Rev. Paul C. Weed, Jr., v
Sun HC 8, 9:15 & 11; Daily HC 7 & 8; C Sat 5-6.
8-9, & by appt

-NEW YORK, N. Y. (Cont'd.)-

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHAPEL Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, v 292 Henry St. (at Scammel) Sun HC 8:15, 9:30, 11, 12:30 (Spanish), EP 7:15; Daily: HC 7:30 ex Thurs, Sat HC 9:30, EP 5; C Sat 5:15

ST. CHRISTOPHER'S CHAPEL 48 Henry Street Sun 8, 9:30, 11, 12:15 (Spanish Mass), 7:30 EP; Daily 8, 5:30; Thurs & HD 10

-POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y .-

CHRIST CHURCH
Rev. Robert E. Terwilliger, Ph.D., r;
Rev. Charles G. Newberry, c
Sun 8 HC, 9:15 HC 2nd & 4th, MP 1st & 3rd,
11 HC 1st & 3rd MP 2nd & 4th

-UTICA, N. Y.-

GRACE 193 Genesee Street Rev. S. P. Gasek, r; Rev. R. P. Rishel, c Sun 8 HC, 11 MP, HC & Ser; HC Wed 7; Thurs 10; Fri 7:30; HD 12:10; Daily Int 12:10

-PHILADELPHIA, PA.-

ST. MARK'S Locust St. between 16th & 17th Sts. Sun HC 8, 11; Mon, Wed, Fri 7; Tues, Thurs 7:45; Sat 9:30; Daily 12, 5:30; C Sat 12-1

ST. PETER'S Third and Pine Sts. Founded 1761
Rev. F. B. Rhein, r; Rev. E. C. Sandiford, Ass't
8 HC, 10 HC & Ser (1st & 3rd), MP & Ser (2nd, 4th & 5th)

-PITTSBURGH, PA.-

ASCENSION 4729 Ellsworth Ave. Rev. A. Dixon Rollit, D.D.; Rev. Max E. Smith, Ass't Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11; Weekdays: HC Mon & Frl 8; Tues 10 HC & Spiritual Healing; Wed 7:30; Thurs 7; Sat 10

-COLUMBIA, S. C.-

GOOD SHEPHERD 1512 Blanding St. Rev. Ralph H. Kimball, r Sun 8, 9:45, 11:30; Tues 7; Thurs & HD 10; Fri EP 5:45; C 6 & by appt

BELLOWS FALLS, VT.

IMMANUEL Rev. Robert S. Kerr Sun: MP 7:45, HC 8 & 10; Wed: MP 7:40, HC 8; HD & Fri MP 8:40, HC 9

BELLINGHAM, WASH .-

ST. PAUL'S

Sun (Summer Schedule) 8 & 10; Thurs 10; HD 7:30

--SPOKANE, WASH.-

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL Grand Blvd. & Sumner Very Rev. Frederick W. Kates, dean; John P. Moulton, Harry J. Haydis, H. Douglas Smith; canons Sun 8, 9:30, 11; Ch S 9:30 all year, also at 11 Sept. thru May; HC Wed 10, Thurs 7:30, HD 10

—MADISON, WIS.—

ST. ANDREW'S Rev. Edward Potter Sabin, r Sun 8, 11 HC; Daily as anno 1833 Regent St.

-VANCOUVER, CANADA-

ST. JAMES'
Sun Masses: 8:30, 9:30, 11 Sol Ev 7:30; Daily: HC 7:30, Thurs 9:30; C Sat 5 & 7

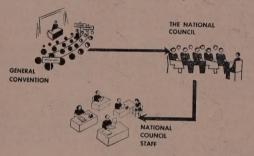
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